

“Breakup Therapy” Necklace

As seen in the Rings & Things Wholesale Catalog 2009-10



Created by: Rita Hutchinson

Suggested Materials:

<u>Qty.</u>	<u>Stock #</u>	<u>Name</u>
2	06-007-09-160	9mm Swarovski® crystal small briolettes, crystal/silver shade
1	06-670-24-01	24mm Swarovski crystal de-art pendant, crystal
1	06-106-28-24	28mm Swarovski crystal pear-shaped pendant, jet
1	50-214	24" flattened-oval cable chain necklace, sterling silver
1	44-050-70-03	16mm handcrafted round link, sterling silver
5	37-295-560	6mm round jump rings, sterling silver
2	37-295-250	5mm round jump rings, sterling silver
½" x 1"	64-519	24-gauge sheet, sterling silver
1		Artisan-made Art Clay™ Silver (ACS) pendant *



Tools: chain-nose pliers, liver of sulfur (#86-354), Beaducation™ question mark design stamp, letter stamps (#69-240-00-L), shears (#69-230)

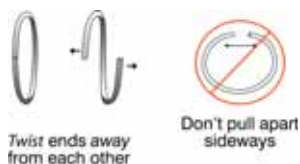
To make this design:

1. Cut the 24-gauge sterling silver sheet into a ½" x 1" rectangle, and use the techniques and tools for metal stamping on the next page to create the stamped metal charm.
2. Follow the manufacturer's directions and oxidize the artisan-made ACS pendant using liver of sulfur.
3. Slide the large round link onto the necklace chain, and use five 6mm jump rings to attach the ACS pendant and large crystals to the link as pictured.
4. Use the remaining jump rings to attach the briolettes to the stamped metal charm, and the stamped metal charm to the chain.

* **NOTE:** Artisan-made pendant made with Art Clay Silver 650 (#87-005-20)

Jump-ring hint:

When you open and close jump rings, twist sideways instead of “ovalling” them. This keeps their shape better, which makes them easier to close all the way.



Techniques for Creating a Stamped Metal Charm

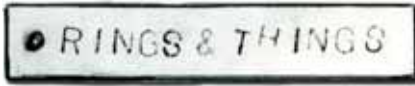


Tools and supplies:

Nylon/steel block, metal snips, chasing hammer, utility hammer, rubber mallet or nylon hammer, 2-hole metal punch, letter stamps, brass brush, 0000 steel wool, metal file, masking tape, ink pad, ruler, oxidizing agent or patina solution

This technique works well for sterling silver, solid copper, and solid brass sheet or “dog tags.” Each metal will have its own unique characteristics, and if possible it is best to practice on a scrap of metal prior to making your actual project.

1. Use your letter stamps with an ink pad and a piece of paper to pre-layout your script. Plan your letter layout and spacing for your metal tag.



2. Using metal snips, indelible marker and a ruler, cut a piece of 24-gauge sheet metal to the desired size and shape.



3. File the corners and any rough edges and punch hole(s) into tag and flatten.



4. Label one side of your steel block as “rubber” and one side as “steel.” The rubber side is used for flattening with a leather or rubber mallet. The steel side is used for hammering or stamping.
5. On the “steel” side of your steel block, tape your metal tag in place with masking tape. This will hold your tag securely while you stamp, and can act as a guide for letter placement.
6. If your letter stamps do not have a directional mark, place a dot with Wite-out® to indicate the top side of each letter. This will aid in keeping all of your letters directionally correct. Use your stamped paper guide to plan the position of the first letter on your tag.
7. Line up the first stamp. In a standing position, hold the stamp perpendicular to the metal tag. With a utility hammer, strike the stamp firmly just once, straight down with one hard hammer blow. Repeat for each letter until your word or phrase is complete.



8. If desired, add texture to your piece, such as hammering. Remember the antique patina will enhance any indentations on the metal.



9. After you have stamped and textured your tag, finish the edges by using the peening edge of a chasing hammer to lightly dapple all around the edges of the tag. File any rough points.
10. Dip tag and findings (split/jump rings, head/eye pins, etc.) into the oxidizing agent or patina solution. Once desired patina has been achieved, rinse in cool water and dry. Use 0000 steel wool and brass brush to clean your piece.



11. Assemble into finished jewelry piece.

Tip: Have fun, and don't expect perfection; little oddities will give your tag charm and uniqueness. For additional decoration try adding design stamps, or metal forms you create yourself using 14-gauge stainless steel wire (available at hardware stores).