

# “Blue Raz” Bracelet

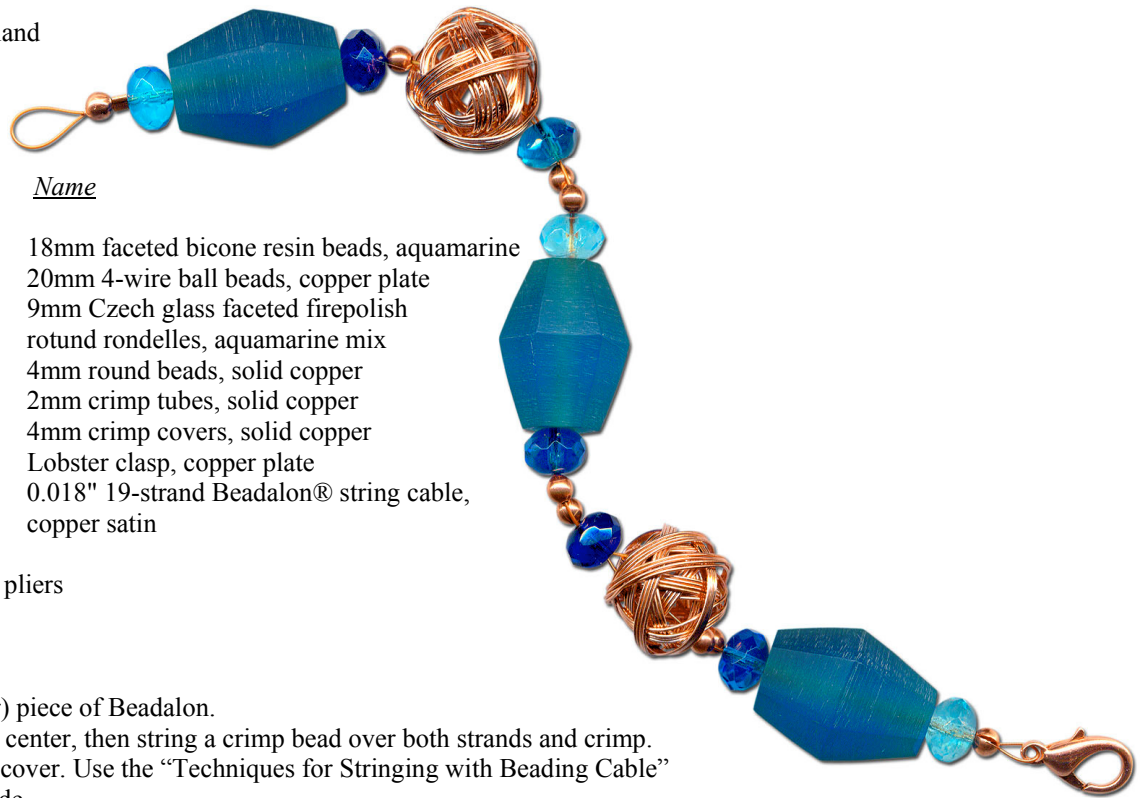
As seen in the Rings & Things Wholesale Catalog 2009-10



Created by: Cindy Overland

## Suggested Materials:

<u>Qty.</u>	<u>Stock #</u>	<u>Name</u>
3	27-041-502	18mm faceted bicone resin beads, aquamarine
2	24-120-03-8	20mm 4-wire ball beads, copper plate
8	23-498-004	9mm Czech glass faceted firepolish rotund rondelles, aquamarine mix
8	26-814-04	4mm round beads, solid copper
3	41-252-8	2mm crimp tubes, solid copper
2	48-884	4mm crimp covers, solid copper
1	39-249-8	Lobster clasp, copper plate
20"	61-723-19-54	0.018" 19-strand Beadalon® string cable, copper satin



**Tools:** cutters, crimping pliers

## To make this design:

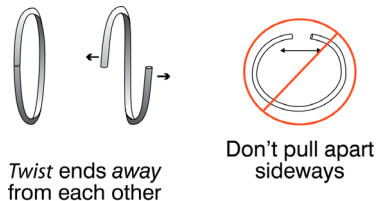
1. Cut a 20" (or longer) piece of Beadalon.
2. Add a lobster clasp, center, then string a crimp bead over both strands and crimp. Cover with a crimp cover. Use the “Techniques for Stringing with Beading Cable” on the back as a guide.
3. String both strands through beads as pictured.
4. Separate strands to add 4mm round copper beads as shown, if desired.
5. After stringing pattern, add a crimp bead over both strands and crimp.
6. Trim one strand of cable off right next to the crimp; with the other, make a loop and crimp with a second crimp bead. Cover with a crimp cover.

**TIP:** Thread each strand through different openings on the wire balls; it helps them lie better.

## Techniques for Stringing with Beading Cable

1. Cut wire cable 4" longer than desired necklace or bracelet length. String a crimp bead onto one end of the cable and loop back through crimp bead. Try to tuck excess cable inside your end beads, otherwise trim neatly with flush cutters. Flatten crimp bead with standard round- or flat-nose pliers. Use jump ring to attach one end of your clasp to cable.

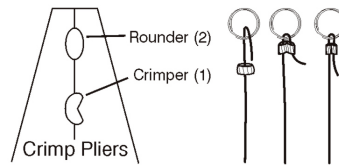
**TIP:** When opening and closing jump rings, twist sideways instead of "ovalling" them. This keeps their shape better, which makes them easier to close all the way. (As shown on the left.) To prevent marks on the ring use non-serrated flat-nose pliers.



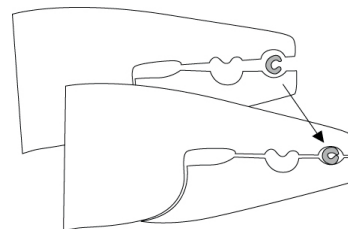
2. String desired pattern.
3. Add final crimp bead; loop cable back through your crimp like in step 1. Tuck excess cable inside end beads, otherwise trim neatly with flush cutters. Flatten crimp bead and attach other end of the clasp with a jump ring.
4. Some designs may require stringing the beads before finishing the cable ends. We recommend using Bead Stoppers™ (#69-144-06 and -16) to secure unfinished ends. When you have finished follow steps 1 and 3.

### Variations:

- a. **Crimping pliers:** To make a nice rounded crimp bead, use the innermost section (1) of the pliers to crimp. Face crimp outward (as shown in example below) and use the outer section (2) of the pliers to round the bead.



- b. **Crimp covers:** Cover flattened crimps with a crimp cover. Make sure there is enough space around your crimp bead. Use section 2 (see picture above) of the crimping pliers to gently secure the cover over the bead.



- c. **Bullion:** Cut two pieces in precise equal lengths (approx. 1/2-3/4"), add one crimp tube and one piece of bullion to the end of wire cable. Loop the cable through one portion of clasp and back through the crimp tube. Pull gently until the bullion is flush against the crimp and crimp closed.



- d. **Wire protectors:** Guard wire cable from excessive wear with wire protectors. These are used the same way as bullion.

